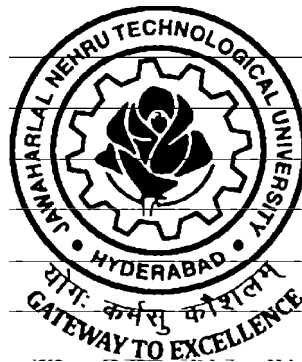


**ACADEMIC REGULATIONS
COURSE STRUCTURE
AND
DETAILED SYLLABUS**

**M.TECH
CAD / CAM**

(Applicable for the batches admitted from 2013-14)



**JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500 085.**

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS R13 FOR M. TECH. (REGULAR) DEGREE COURSE**Applicable for the students of M. Tech. (Regular) Course from the Academic Year 2013-14 and onwards**

The M. Tech. Degree of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad shall be conferred on candidates who are admitted to the program and who fulfil all the requirements for the award of the Degree.

1.0 ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSIONS

Admission to the above program shall be made subject to eligibility, qualification and specialization as prescribed by the University from time to time.

Admissions shall be made on the basis of merit/rank obtained by the candidates at the qualifying Entrance Test conducted by the University or on the basis of any other order of merit as approved by the University, subject to reservations as laid down by the Govt. from time to time.

2.0 AWARD OF M. TECH. DEGREE

- 2.1 A student shall be declared eligible for the award of the M. Tech. Degree, if he pursues a course of study in not less than two and not more than four academic years. However, he is permitted to write the examinations for two more years after four academic years of course work.
- 2.2 A student, who fails to fulfill all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within four academic years from the year of his admission, shall forfeit his seat in M. Tech. course.
- 2.3 The student shall register for all 88 credits and secure all the 88 credits.
- 2.4 The minimum instruction days in each semester are 90.

3.0 A. COURSES OF STUDY

The following specializations are offered at present for the M. Tech. course of study.

1. Advanced Manufacturing Systems
2. Aerospace Engineering/ Aeronautical Engineering
3. Automation
4. Biomedical Signal Processing and Instrumentation
5. Bio-Technology
6. CAD/CAM
7. Chemical Engineering
8. Communication Systems
9. Computer Networks
10. Computer Networks and Information Security
11. Computer Science
12. Computer Science and Engineering
13. Computers and Communication Engineering.
14. Construction Management
15. Control Engineering
16. Control Systems
17. Cyber Forensic / Cyber Security & Information Technology
18. Design for Manufacturing/ Design and Manufacturing
19. Digital Electronics and Communication Engineering.
20. Digital Electronics and Communication Systems
21. Digital Systems and Computer Electronics
22. Electrical Power Engineering
23. Electrical Power Systems
24. Electronics & Instrumentation

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25. Electronics and Communication Engineering
 26. Embedded Systems
 27. Embedded Systems and VLSI Design
 28. Energy Systems
 29. Engineering Design
 30. Environmental Engineering
 31. Geoinformatics and Surveying Technology
 32. Geotechnical Engineering.
 33. Heating Ventilation & Air Conditioning.
 34. Highway Engineering
 35. Image Processing
 36. Industrial Engineering and Management
 37. Information Technology
 38. Infrastructure Engineering
 39. Machine Design
 40. Mechatronics.
 41. Microwave & Radar Engineering
 42. Nano Technology
 43. Neural Networks
 44. Parallel Computing
 45. Power and Industrial Drives
 46. Power Electronics
 47. Power Electronics and Electrical Drives
 48. Power Engineering and Energy Systems
 49. Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management
 50. Power System Control and Automation
 51. Power System with Emphasis H.V. Engineering / H.V. Engineering
 52. Production Engineering.
 53. Real Time Systems
 54. Software Engineering
 55. Structural Engineering
 56. Systems & Signal Processing
 57. Thermal Engineering.
 58. Transportation Engineering
 59. VLSI
 60. VLSI and Embedded System/ Electronics Design Technology
 61. VLSI Design
 62. VLSI System Design
 63. Web Technologies
 64. Wireless and Mobile Communication

and any other course as approved by the University from time to time.

3.0 B. Departments offering M. Tech. Programmes with specializations are noted below:

Civil Engg.	<p>Construction Management Environmental Engineering Geoinformatics and Surveying Technology Geotechnical Engineering Highway Engineering Infrastructure Engineering Structural Engineering Transportation Engineering</p>
EEE	<p>Control Engineering Control Systems Electrical Power Engineering Electrical Power Systems Power and Industrial Drives Power Electronics Power Electronics and Electrical Drives Power Engineering and Energy Systems Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management Power System Control and Automation Power System with Emphasis H.V. Engineering / H.V. Engineering</p>
ME	<p>Advanced Manufacturing Systems Automation CAD/CAM Design for Manufacturing/ Design and Manufacturing Energy Systems Engineering Design Heating Ventilation & Air Conditioning Industrial Engineering and Management Machine Design Mechatronics. Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management Production Engineering Thermal Engineering.</p>
ECE	<p>Biomedical Signal Processing and Instrumentation Communication Systems Computers and Communication Engineering. Digital Electronics and Communication Engineering. Digital Electronics and Communication Systems Digital Systems and Computer Electronics Electronics & Instrumentation Electronics and Communication Engineering Embedded Systems Embedded Systems and VLSI Design</p>

	Microwave & Radar Engineering Systems & Signal Processing VLSI VLSI and Embedded System/ Electronics Design Technology VLSI Design VLSI System Design Wireless and Mobile Communication
CSE	Computer Networks Computer Networks and Information Security Computer Science Computer Science and Engineering Cyber Forensic / Cyber Security & Information Technology Image Processing Information Technology Neural Networks Parallel Computing Real Time Systems Software Engineering Web Technologies
Aeronautical Engg.	Aerospace Engineering / Aeronautical Engineering
Bio-technology	Bio-Technology
Chemical Engg.	Chemical Engineering
Nano Technology	Nano Technology

4.0 ATTENDANCE

The programs are offered on a unit basis with each subject being considered a unit.

- 4.1 A student shall be eligible to write University examinations if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects.
- 4.2 Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester shall be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- 4.3 Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall not be condoned.
- 4.4 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to write their end semester examination of that class and their registration shall stand cancelled.
- 4.5 A prescribed fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance.
- 4.6 A student shall not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirement of the present semester, as applicable. They may seek readmission into that semester when offered next. If any candidate fulfills the attendance requirement in the present semester, he shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.
- 4.7 A candidate shall put in a minimum required attendance at least in three (3) theory subjects in the present semester to get promoted to the next semester. In order to qualify for the award of the M. Tech. Degree, the candidate shall complete all the academic requirements of the subjects, as per the course structure.
- 4.8 A student shall not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirements of the previous semester including the days of attendance in sports, games, NCC and NSS activities.

5.0 EVALUATION

The performance of the candidate in each semester shall be evaluated subject-wise, with a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 100 marks for practicals, on the basis of Internal Evaluation and End Semester Examination.

5.1 For the theory subjects 60 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examination and 40 marks shall be awarded based on the Internal Evaluation. The internal evaluation shall be made based on the average of the marks secured in the two Mid Term-Examinations conducted-one in the middle of the Semester and the other immediately after the completion of instruction. Each mid term examination shall be conducted for a total duration of 120 minutes with Part A as compulsory question (16 marks) which consists of four sub-questions and carries 4 marks each and Part B with 3 questions to be answered out of 5 questions each question for 8 marks. If any candidate is absent from any subject of a mid-term examination, an on-line test will be conducted for him by the University. The details of the Question Paper pattern for End Examination (Theory) is given below:

- The End semesters Examination will be conducted for 60 marks which consists of two parts viz. i).Part-A for 20 marks, ii). Part –B for 40 marks.
- Part-A is compulsory question where it consists of five questions one from each unit and carries four marks each. This will be treated as Question 1.
- Part-B consists of five Questions (numbered from 2 to 6) carries 8 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an “either” “or” choice (that means there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer only one question)

5.2 For practical subjects, 60 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examinations and 40 marks shall be awarded based on the day-to-day performance as Internal Marks.

5.3 There shall be two seminar presentations during I year I semester and II semester. For seminar, a student under the supervision of a faculty member, shall collect the literature on a topic and critically review the literature and submit it to the department in a report form and shall make an oral presentation before the Departmental Academic Committee consisting of Head of the Department, Supervisor and two other senior faculty members of the department. For each Seminar there will be only internal evaluation of 50 marks. A candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks to be declared successful.

5.4 There shall be a Comprehensive Viva-Voce in II year I Semester. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted by a Committee consisting of Head of the Department and two Senior Faculty members of the Department. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is intended to assess the students' understanding of various subjects he has studied during the M. Tech. course of study. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is evaluated for 100 marks by the Committee. There are no internal marks for the Comprehensive Viva-Voce.

5.5 A candidate shall be deemed to have secured the minimum academic requirement in a subject if he secures a minimum of 40% of marks in the End semester Examination and a minimum aggregate of 50% of the total marks in the End Semester Examination and Internal Evaluation taken together.

5.6 In case the candidate does not secure the minimum academic requirement in any subject (as specified in 5.5) he has to reappear for the End semester Examination in that subject. A candidate shall be given one chance to re-register for each subject provided the internal marks secured by a candidate are less than 50% and so has failed in the end examination. In such a case, the candidate must re-register for the subject(s) and secure the required minimum attendance. The candidate's attendance in the re-registered subject(s) shall be calculated separately to decide upon his eligibility for writing the end examination in those subject(s). In the event of the student taking another chance, his internal marks and end examination marks obtained in the previous attempt stand cancelled.

5.7 In case the candidate secures less than the required attendance in any subject, he shall not be permitted to write the End Examination in that subject. He shall re-register the subject when next

offered.

- 5.8 Laboratory examination for M. Tech. courses must be conducted with two Examiners, one of them being the Laboratory Class Teacher and the second examiner shall be another Laboratory Teacher.

6.0 EVALUATION OF PROJECT/DISSERTATION WORK

Every candidate shall be required to submit a thesis or dissertation on a topic approved by the Project Review Committee.

- 6.1 A Project Review Committee (PRC) shall be constituted with Principal as Chairperson, Heads of all the Departments offering the M. Tech. programs and two other senior faculty members.

- 6.2 Registration of Project Work: A candidate is permitted to register for the project work after satisfying the attendance requirement of all the subjects, both theory and practical.

- 6.3 After satisfying 6.2, a candidate has to submit, in consultation with his project supervisor, the title, objective and plan of action of his project work to the Departmental Academic Committee for approval. Only after obtaining the approval of the Departmental Academic Committee can the student initiate the Project work.

- 6.4 If a candidate wishes to change his supervisor or topic of the project, he can do so with the approval of the Departmental Academic Committee. However, the Departmental Academic Committee shall examine whether or not the change of topic/supervisor leads to a major change of his initial plans of project proposal. If yes, his date of registration for the project work starts from the date of change of Supervisor or topic as the case may be.

- 6.5 A candidate shall submit his status report in a bound-form in two stages at least with a gap of 3 months between them.

- 6.6 The work on the project shall be initiated at the beginning of the II year and the duration of the project is two semesters. A candidate is permitted to submit Project Thesis only after successful completion of theory and practical course with the approval of PRC not earlier than 40 weeks from the date of registration of the project work. For the approval of PRC the candidate shall submit the draft copy of thesis to the Principal through Head of the Department and make an oral presentation before the PRC.

- 6.7 Three copies of the Project Thesis certified by the supervisor shall be submitted to the College/School/Institute.

- 6.8 The thesis shall be adjudicated by one examiner selected by the University. For this, the Principal of the College shall submit a panel of 5 examiners, eminent in that field, with the help of the guide concerned and head of the department.

- 6.9 If the report of the examiner is not favourable, the candidate shall revise and resubmit the Thesis, in the time frame as decided by the PRC. If the report of the examiner is unfavourable again, the thesis shall be summarily rejected.

- 6.10 If the report of the examiner is favourable, Viva-Voce examination shall be conducted by a board consisting of the Supervisor, Head of the Department and the examiner who adjudicated the Thesis. The Board shall jointly report the candidate's work as one of the following:

- A. Excellent
- B. Good
- C. Satisfactory
- D. Unsatisfactory

The Head of the Department shall coordinate and make arrangements for the conduct of Viva- Voce examination.

If the report of the Viva-Voce is unsatisfactory, the candidate shall retake the Viva-Voce examination only after three months. If he fails to get a satisfactory report at the second Viva- Voce examination, he will not be eligible for the award of the degree.

7.0 AWARD OF DEGREE AND CLASS

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of M. Tech. Degree he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

Class Awarded	% of marks to be secured
First Class with Distinction	70% and above
First Class	Below 70% but not less than 60%
Second Class	Below 60% but not less than 50%
Pass Class	Below 50% but not less than 40%

The marks in internal evaluation and end examination shall be shown separately in the memorandum of marks.

8.0 WITHHOLDING OF RESULTS

If the student has not paid the dues, if any, to the university or if any case of indiscipline is pending against him, the result of the student will be withheld and he will not be allowed into the next semester. His degree will be withheld in such cases.

9.0 TRANSITORY REGULATIONS

- 9.1 Discontinued, detained, or failed candidates are eligible for admission to two earlier or equivalent subjects at a time as and when offered.
- 9.2 The candidate who fails in any subject will be given two chances to pass the same subject; otherwise, he has to identify an equivalent subject as per R13 academic regulations.

10. GENERAL

- 10.1 Wherever the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".
- 10.2 The academic regulation should be read as a whole for the purpose of any interpretation.
- 10.3 In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- 10.4 The University may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students with effect from the dates notified by the University.

MALPRACTICES RULES**DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS**

	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment
	<i>If the candidate:</i>	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled and sent to the University.
3.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.

4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent/Assistant – Superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.

8.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the University for further action to award suitable punishment.	

Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

1. Punishments to the candidates as per the above guidelines.
2. Punishment for institutions : (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
 - (i) A show cause notice shall be issued to the college.
 - (ii) Impose a suitable fine on the college.
 - (iii) Shifting the examination centre from the college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.TECH - CAD / CAM

COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

I Year I Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	P	Credits
		Advanced CAD	3	-	3
		Advanced Finite Element Analysis	3	-	3
		Precision Engineering	3	-	3
		Design for Manufacturing and Assembly	3	-	3
	Elective-I	Numerical Methods for Partial Differential Equations Advanced Mechanics of Solids Advanced Mechatronics	3	-	3
	Elective-II	Advanced Mechanics of Composite Materials Total Quality Management Stress Analysis and Vibrations	3	-	3
		Computer Aided Design Lab	-	3	2
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total Credits	18	3	22

I Year II Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	P	Credits
		Design of Hydraulics and Pneumatics Systems	3	-	3
		Flexible Manufacturing Systems	3	-	3
		Computer Aided Manufacturing	3	-	3
		Industrial Robotics	3	-	3
	Elective -III	Production and Operations Management Computational Fluid Dynamics Automation in Manufacturing	3	-	3
	Elective -IV	Design Optimization Intelligent Manufacturing Systems Computer Aided Process Planning	3	-	3
	Lab	Computer Aided Machining and Robotics Lab	-	3	2
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total Credits	18	3	22

II Year - I Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	P	Credits
		Comprehensive Viva	-	-	2
		Project Seminar	-	3	2
		Project work	-	-	18
		Total Credits	-	3	22

II Year - II Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	P	Credits
		Project work and Seminar	-	-	22
		Total Credits	-	-	22

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech – I year I Sem. (CAD/CAM)

ADVANCED CAD

UNIT I:

Principles of Computer Graphics : Introduction, graphic primitives, point plotting, lines, Bresenham's circle algorithm, ellipse, transformation in graphics, coordinate systems, view port, 2D and 3D transformation, hidden surface removal, reflection, shading and generation of characters.

UNIT II:

CAD Tools: Definition of CAD Tools, Types of system, CAD/CAM system evaluation criteria, brief treatment of input and output devices. Graphics standard, functional areas of CAD, Modeling and viewing, software documentation, efficient use of CAD software. **Geometricmodelling:** Types of mathematical representation of curves, wire frame models wire frame entities parametric representation of synthetic curves her mite cubic splines Bezier curves B-splines rational curves.

UNIT III:

Surface Modeling :Mathematical representation surfaces, Surface model, Surface entities surface representation, Parametric representation of surfaces, plane surface, rule surface, surface of revolution, Tabulated Cylinder.

UNIT IV:

Parametric Representation of Synthetic Surfaces: Hermite Bicubic surface, **Bezier** surface, **B-** Spline surface, COONs surface, Blending surface Sculptured surface, Surface manipulation — Displaying, Segmentation, Trimming, Intersection, Transformations (both 2D and 3D).

UNIT V:

Geometricmodelling-3D : Solid modeling, Solid Representation, Boundary Representation (13-rep), Constructive Solid Geometry (CSG). CAD/CAM Exchange : Evaluation of data — exchange format, IGES data representations and structure, STEP Architecture, implementation, ACIS & DXF. Design Applications: Mechanical tolerances, Mass property calculations, Finite Element Modeling and Analysis and Mechanical Assembly.

Collaborative Engineering: Collaborative Design, Principles, Approaches, Tools, Design Systems.

REFERENCES :

1. Mastering CAD/CAM / Ibrahim Zeid / Mc Graw Hill International.
2. CAD/CAM Principles and Applications/ P.N.Rao/TMH/3rd Edition.
3. CAD/CAM /Groover M.P./ Pearson education.
4. CAD/CAM Concepts and Applications/ Alavala/ PHI.
5. CAD / CAM / CIM, Radhakrishnan and Subramanian/ New Age.
6. Principles of Computer Aided Design and Manufacturing/ Farid Amirouche/ Pearson.
7. Computer Numerical Control Concepts and programming/ Warren S Seames/ Thomson.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech – I year I Sem. (CAD/CAM)

ADVANCED FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

UNIT-I:

Introduction to FEM, basic concepts, historical back ground, applications of FEM, general description, comparison of FEM with other methods, variational approach, Glerkin's Methods. Co-ordinates, basic element shapes, interpolation function, Virtual energy principle, Rayleigh – Ritz method, properties of stiffness matrix, treatment of boundary conditions, solution of system of equations, shape functions and characteristics, Basic equations of elasticity, strain- displacement relations.

UNIT-II:

1-D Structural Problems: Axial bar element – stiffness matrix, load vector, temperature effects, Quadratic shape functions and problems.

Analysis of Trusses : Plane Trusses and Space Truss elements and problems

Analysis of Beams : Hermite shape functions – stiffness matrix – Load vector – Problems.

UNIT-III:

2-D Problems: CST, LST, force terms, Stiffness matrix and load vectors, boundary conditions, Isoparametric elements – quadrilateral element, shape functions – Numerical Integration.

Finite element modeling of Axi-symmetric solids subjected to Axi-symmetric loading with triangular elements.

3-D Problems: Tetrahedron element – Jacobian matrix – Stiffness matrix.

UNIT-VI:

Scalar Field Problems: 1-D Heat conduction-Slabs – fins - 2-D heat conduction problems – Introduction to Torsional problems.

UNIT-V:

Dynamic considerations, Dynamic equations – consistent mass matrix – Eigen Values, Eigen vector, natural frequencies – mode shapes – modal analysis.

REFERENCES:

1. The Finite Element Methods in Engineering / SS Rao / Pergamon.
2. Finite Element Methods: Basic Concepts and applications, Alavala, PHI.
3. Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering, Chandrupatla, Ashok and Belegundu, Prentice – Hall
4. Finite Element Method – Zincowitz / Mc Graw Hill.
5. Introduction to Finite element analysis- S.Md.Jalaludeen, Anuradha Publications, print-2012.
6. A First Course in the Finite Element Method/Daryl L Logan/Cengage Learning/5th Edition.
7. Finite Element Method – Krishna Murthy / TMH.
8. Finite Element Analysis – Bathe / PHI.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech – I year I Sem. (CAD/CAM)

PRECISION ENGINEERING

UNIT I:

Concepts of Accuracy: Introduction – Concept of Accuracy of Machine Tools – Spindle and Displacement Accuracies – Accuracy of numerical Control Systems – Errors due to Numerical Interpolation Displacement Measurement System and Velocity lags.

Geometric Dimensioning and Tolerancing: Tolerance Zone Conversions – Surfaces, Features, Features of Size, Datum Features – Datum Oddly Configured and Curved Surfaces as Datum Features, Equalizing Datums – Datum Feature of Representation – Form controls, Orientation Controls – Logical Approach to Tolerancing.

UNIT II:

Datum Systems: Design of freedom, Grouped Datum Systems – different types, two and three mutually perpendicular grouped datum planes; Grouped datum system with spigot and recess, pin and hole; Grouped Datum system with spigot and recess pair and tongue – slot pair – Computation of Transnational and rotational accuracy, Geometric analysis and application.

UNIT III:

Tolerance Analysis: Process Capability, Mean, Variance, Skewness, Kurtosis, Process Capability Metrics, Cp, Cpk, Cost aspects, Feature Tolerances, Geometric Tolerances. Surface finish, Review of relationship between attainable tolerance grades and different machining process, Cumulative effect of tolerances sure fit law, normal law and truncated normal law.

UNIT IV:

Tolerance Charting Techniques: Operation Sequence for typical shaft type of components, Preparation of Process drawings for different operations, Tolerance worksheets and centrally analysis, Examples, Design features to facilitate machining; Datum Features – functional and manufacturing Components design – Machining Considerations, Redesign for manufactured, Examples.

UNIT V:

Foundamentals of Nanotechnology: Systems of nanometer accuracies – Mechanism of metal Processing – Nano physical processing of atomic bit units. Nanotechnology and Electrochemical atomic bit processing.

Measuring Systems Processing: In processing or in-situ measurement of position of processing point- Post process and on-machine measurement of dimensional features and surface-mechanical and optical measuring systems.

REFERENCES:

1. Precision Engineering in Manufacturing/Murthy R.L./New Age International (P) limited, 1996.
2. Geometric Dimensioning and Tolerancing / James D. Meadows / Marcel Dekker inc. 1995.
3. Nano Technology / Norio Taniguchi / Oxford University Press, 1996.
4. Engineering Design – A systematic Approach / Matousek / Blackie & Son Ltd., London.
5. Precision Engineering/VC Venkatesh & S Izman/TMH.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech – I year I Sem. (CAD/CAM)

DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURING AND ASSEMBLY

UNIT I:

Introduction: Design philosophy steps in Design process - General Design rules for manufacturability - basic principles of design Ling for economical production - creativity in design. Materials: Selection of Materials for design Developments in Material technology - criteria for material selection - Material selection interrelationship with process selection process selection charts.

UNIT II:

Machining Process: Overview of various machining processes - general design rules for machining - Dimensional tolerance and surface roughness - Design for machining - Ease - Redesigning of components for machining ease with suitable examples. General design recommendations for machined parts. **METAL Casting:** Appraisal of various casting processes, selection of casting process, - general design considerations for casting - casting tolerances - use of solidification simulation in casting design - product design rules for sand casting.

UNIT III:

Metal Joining: Appraisal of various welding processes, Factors in design of weldments - general design guidelines - pre and post treatment of welds - effects of thermal stresses in weld joints - design of brazed joints. Forging - Design factors for Forging - Closed dies forging design - parting lines of die5 drop forging die design - general design recommendations. Extrusion & Sheet Metal Work: Design guidelines for extruded sections - design principles for Punching, Blanking, Bending, Deep Drawing - Keeler Goodman Forming Line Diagram - Component Design for Blanking.

UNIT-IV

Assemble Advantages: Development of the assemble process, choice of assemble method assemble advantages social effects of automation.

Automatic Assembly Transfer Systems : Continuous transfer, intermittent transfer, indexing mechanisms, and operator - paced free – transfer machine.

UNIT-V:

Design of Manual Assembly: Design for assembly fits in the design process, general design guidelines for manual assembly, development of the systematic DFA methodology, assembly efficiency, classification system for manual handling, classification system for manual insertion and fastening, effect of part symmetry on handling time, effect of part thickness and size on handling time, effect of weight on handling time, parts requiring two hands for manipulation, effects of combinations of factors, effect of symmetry effect of chamfer design on insertion operations, estimation of insertion time.

REFERENCES:

1. Assembly Automation and Product Design/ Geoffrey Boothroyd/ Marcel Dekker Inc., NY, 1992.
2. Engineering Design - Material & Processing Approach/ George E. Deiter/McGraw Hill Intl. 2nd Ed. 2000.
3. Hand Book of Product Design/ Geoffrey Boothroyd/ Marcel and Dekken, N.Y. 1990.
4. Computer Aided Assembly London/ A Delbainbre/.
5. Product Design for Manufacturing and Assembly/ Geoffrey Boothroyd, Peter Dewhurst & Winston Anstony Knight/CRC Press/2010.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech – I year I Sem. (CAD/CAM)

NUMERICAL METHODS FOR PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

ELECTIVE – I

UNIT-I:

Introduction to finite difference formula- Parabolic Equation: Introduction – Explicit finite difference approximation to one dimensional equation Crank – Nicholson implicit method – derivation boundary conditions.

UNIT-II:

Alternate direction implicit (ADI) method finite difference in cylindrical and spherical polar co-ordinates.

Convergence Stability and Consistency: Definitions of local truncation error and consistency convergence analysis – stability analysis by matrix method eigen value von Neumann stability methods, global rounding error-local truncation error-lax's equation theorem.

UNIT-III:

Hyperbolic Equations: Analytical solution of 1st order quasi linear equation – numerical integration along a characteristic lax wenderoff explicit method.

CFI condition wenderoff implicit approximation – propagation of discontinues – Numerical solution by the method of characteristics.

UNIT-IV:

Elliptic Equations: Introduction – Finite differences in polar co-ordinates – formulas for derivative near a curved boundary analysis of the discretization error of the five point approximation to polman's equation over a rectangle.

UNIT-V:

Systematic iterative methods for large linear systems – necessary and sufficient condition for convergence of iterative methods – stines implicit methods.

Finite Element Method: weighted residual method – variations methods – division of the region into elements linear element – Galerkin formulation.

REFERENCES:

1. Numerical Solution of partial differential equations, Finite Differences methods/ G.D. Smith/ Brunel University, Clarendon Press Oxford.
2. The Finite Differences Methods in Partial Differential equation/ A.R. Mitchel and D.F. Grnra/ John Wiley.
3. Numerical Methods for Engineers and scientists/Joe D. Hoffman/ Mc Graw Hill.
4. Applied Finite Element Analysis/ Larry J. Segerlind/ John Wiley.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech – I year I Sem. (CAD/CAM)

ADVANCED MECHANICS OF SOLIDS

ELECTIVE - I

UNIT - I

Shear Centre: Bending axis and shear center-shear center for axi-symmetric and unsymmetrical sections.

Unsymmetrical Bending: Bending stresses in Beams subjected to Nonsymmetrical bending; Deflection of straight beams due to nonsymmetrical bending.

UNIT - II

Curved Beam Theory: Winkler Bach formula for circumferential stress – Limitations – Correction factors – Radial stress in curved beams – closed ring subjected to concentrated and uniform loads- stresses in chain links.

UNIT - III

Torsion: Torsion of a cylindrical bar of Circular cross Section; Saint-Venant's semi-inverse methods; Linear elastic solution; Prandtl elastic membrane (Soap-Film) Analogy; Narrow rectangular cross Section; Hollow thin wall torsion members, Multiply connected Cross section, Thin wall torsion members with restrained ends

Axi-Symmetric Problems: Rotating Discs – Flat discs, Discs of uniform thickness, Discs of Uniform Strength, Rotating Cylinders.

UNIT - IV

Theory of Plates: Introduction; Stress resultants in a flat plate; Kinematics: Strain- Displacement relations for plates; Equilibrium equations for small displacement theory of flat plates; Stress – Strain – Temperature relation for Isotropic plates: Strain energy of a plate; Boundary conditions for plate; Solution of rectangular plate problem; Solution of circular plate problem.

Beams on Elastic Foundation: General theory; Infinite Beam subjected to Concentrated load; boundary conditions; Infinite beam subjected to a distributed load segment; Semi-infinite beam with concentrated load near its end; Short Beams.

UNIT - V

Contact Stresses: Introduction, problem of determining contact stresses; Assumptions on which a solution for contact stresses is based; Expressions for principal stresses; Methods of computing contact stresses; Deflection of bodies in point contact; Stresses for two bodies in contact over narrow rectangular area (Line contact), Loads normal to area; Stresses for two bodies in line contact. Normal and Tangent to contact area.

REFERENCES:

1. Advanced Mechanics of materials/Seely and Smith/ John Willey.
2. Advanced Mechanics of materials / Boresi & Sidebottom/wiley international.
3. Advanced strength of materials / Den Hartog J.P./Torrent.
4. Theory of Plates /Timoshenko/
5. Strength of materials / Sadhu singh/ Khanna Publishers.
6. Mechanics of Materials / Beer & Jhonson / McGraw Hill.
7. Theory of Plates & Shells / Timoshenko/ McGraw Hill/ 2nd Edition.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD**M.Tech – I year I Sem. (CAD/CAM)****ADVANCED MECHATRONICS****ELECTIVE – I****UNIT-I**

Mechatronics systems, elements, levels of mechatronics system, Mechatronics design process, system, measurement systems, control systems, microprocessor-based controllers, advantages and disadvantages of mechatronics systems. Sensors and transducers, types, displacement, position, proximity, velocity, motion, force, acceleration, torque, fluid pressure, liquid flow, liquid level, temperature and light sensors.

UNIT-II

Solid state electronic devices, PN junction diode, BJT, FET, DIA and TRIAC. Analog signal conditioning, amplifiers, filtering. Introduction to MEMS & typical applications.

UNIT-III

Hydraulic and pneumatic actuating systems, Fluid systems, Hydraulic and pneumatic systems, components, control valves, electro-pneumatic, hydro-pneumatic, electro-hydraulic servo systems: Mechanical actuating systems and electrical actuating systems.

UNIT-IV

Digital electronics and systems, digital logic control, micro processors and micro controllers, programming, process controllers, programmable logic controllers, PLCs versus computers, application of PLCs for control.

UNIT-V

System and interfacing and data acquisition, DAQS, SCADA, A to D and D to A conversions; Dynamic models and analogies, System response. Design of mechatronics systems & future trends.

REFERENCES:

1. MECHATRONICS Integrated Mechanical Electronics Systems/KP Ramachandran & GK Vijaya Raghavan/WILEY India Edition/2008.
2. Mechatronics Electronics Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering by W Bolton, Pearson Education Press, 3rd edition, 2005.
3. Mechatronics Source Book by Newton C Braga, Thomson Publications, Chennai.
4. Mechatronics – N. Shanmugam / Anuradha Agencies Publishers.
5. Mechatronics System Design / Devdas shetty/Richard/Thomson.
6. Mechatronics/M.D.Singh/J.G.Joshi/PHI.
7. Mechatronics – Electronic Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engg. 4th Edition, Pearson, 2012 W. Bolton.
8. Mechatronics – Principles and Application Godfrey C. Onwubolu, Wlsevier, 2006 Indian print.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech – I year I Sem. (CAD/CAM)

ADVANCED MECHANICS OF COMPOSITE MATERIALS

ELECTIVE - II

UNIT – I

Basic Concepts and Characteristics: Geometric and Physical definitions, natural and man-made composites, Aerospace and structural applications, types and classification of composites.

Reinforcements: Fibres – Glass, Silica, Kevlar, carbon, boron, silicon carbide, and boron carbide fibres. Particulate composites, Polymer composites, Thermoplastics, Thermosets, Metal matrix and ceramic composites.

UNIT – II

Micromechanics: Unidirectional composites, constituent materials and properties, elastic properties of a lamina, properties of typical composite materials, laminate characteristics and configurations. Characterization of composite properties.

Manufacturing Methods: Autoclave, tape production, moulding methods, filament winding, man layup, pultrusion, RTM.

Unit – III

Coordinate Transformation: Hooke's law for different types of materials, Hooke's law for two dimensional unidirectional lamina, Transformation of stress and strain, Numerical examples of stress strain transformation, Graphic interpretation of stress – strain relations. Off – axis, stiffness modulus, off – axis compliance.

Elastic Behavior of Unidirectional Composites: Elastic constants of lamina, relationship between engineering constants and reduced stiffness and compliances, analysis of laminated composites, constitutive relations.

Unit – IV

Strength of Unidirectional Lamina: Micro mechanics of failure, Failure mechanisms, strength of an orthotropic lamina, strength of a lamina under tension and shear maximum stress and strain criteria, application to design. The failure envelope, first ply failure, free-edge effects. Micros mechanical predictions of elastic constants.

Unit – V

Analysis of Laminated Composite Plates: Introduction thin plate theory, specially orthotropic plate, cross and angle ply laminated plates, problems using thin plate theory.

REFERENCES:

1. Mechanics of Composite Materials/ R. M. Jones/ Mc Graw Hill Company, New York, 1975.
2. Engineering Mechanics of Composite Materials by Isaac and M Daniel, Oxford University Press, 1994.
3. Analysis and performance of fibre Composites/ B. D. Agarwal and L. J. Broutman/ Wiley- Interscience, New York, 1980.
4. Mechanics of Composite Materials/ Second Edition (Mechanical Engineering)/ Autar K. Kaw ,Publisher: CRC.
5. Analysis of Laminated Composite Structures/ L. R. Calcote/ Van Nostrand Rainfold, New York, 1969.
6. Advanced Mechanics of Composite Materials/ Vasiliev & Morozov/Elsevier/Second Edition.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech – I year I Sem. (CAD/CAM)

TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT

ELECTIVE - II

UNIT – I:

Introduction: The concept of TQM, Quality and Business performance, attitude and involvement of top management, communication, culture and management systems. Management of Process Quality: Definition of quality, Quality Control, a brief history, Product Inspection vs, Process Control, Statistical Quality Control, Control Charts and Acceptance Sampling.

UNIT – II:

Customer Focus and Satisfaction: The importance of customer satisfaction and loyalty- Crating satisfied customers, Understanding the customer needs, Process Vs. Customer, internal customer conflict, quality focus, Customer Satisfaction, role of Marketing and Sales, Buyer – Supplier relationships. Bench Marketing: Evolution of Bench Marketing, meaning of Bench marketing, benefits of bench marketing, the bench marketing process, pitfalls of bench marketing.

UNIT – III:

Organizing for TQM: The systems approach, Organizing for quality implementation, making the transition from a traditional to a TQM organizing, Quality Circles. Productivity, Quality and Reengineering: The leverage of Productivity and Quality, Management systems Vs. Technology, Measuring Productivity, Improving Productivity Re-engineering.

UNIT – IV:

The cost of Quality: Definition of the Cost of Quality, Quality Costs, Measuring Quality Costs, use of Quality Cost Information, Accounting Systems and Quality Management.

UNIT – V:

ISO9000: Universal Standards of Quality: ISO around the world, The ISO9000 ANSI/ASQCQ-90. Series Standards, benefits of ISO9000 certification, the third party audit, Documentation ISO9000 and services, the cost of certification implementing the system.

REFERENCES:

1. Total Quality Management / Joel E.Ross/Taylor and Franscis Limited.
2. Total Quality Management/P.N.Mukherjee/PHI.
3. Beyond TQM / Robert L.Flood.
4. Statistical Quality Control / E.L. Grant.
5. Total Quality Management- A Practical Approach/H. Lal.
6. Quality Management/Kanishka Bedi/Oxford University Press/2011.
7. Total Engineering Quality Management/Sunil Sharma/Macmillan.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD**M.Tech – I year I Sem. (CAD/CAM)****STRESS ANALYSIS AND VIBRATION****ELECTIVE - II****UNIT-I:**

Two dimensional elasticity theory in Cartesian coordinates, plane stress problem in polar coordinates , Thick cylinders, Rotating discs - stress concentration.

UNIT- II:

Torsion of non circular prismatic sections, rectangular and axisymmetric, Circular plates, introduction to shell theory — contact stresses.

UNIT- III:

Single degree freedom, two degree freedom system without and with damping - Free and forced vibrations. Transient vibrations.

UNIT- IV:

Transient vibrations of single and two degree freedom systems, multi-degree of freedom systems - applications of matrix methods , continuous systems.

UNIT -V:

Free and forced vibrations of strings bars and beams. Principle of orthogonality - classical and energy methods.

REFERENCES:

1. Theory of Elasticity/Timoshenko S.P. and Goodier J.N./Koakusha Publishers.
2. Advanced strength of materials / Den Hortog J.P./Torrent.
3. Mechanical Vibrations/ Den Ilartog J.P./ Dover Publications.
4. Theory of Vibrations with Applications/ Thomson W.T./ CBS Publishing.
5. Mechanical Vibrations/ Rao S.S./ Addison Wesley Longman.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD**M.Tech – I year I Sem. (CAD/CAM)****COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN LAB**

Creation of working drawing, creating geometry, constraining the profile, extracting a part using tools, creating pattern of holes, translating rotating, mirroring, managing the specification tree. Creating sheets and views, creating text and dimensions, creating an assembly, moving components, assembling existing components, creating bill of materials, creating wire frame and surface geometry using generative shape design and sweep tools. Generation of Ferguson's cubic surface patches, Bezier surface patches. Coons patches. Import and export of drawing from other software.

Linear static analysis, Automatic calculation of rigid body modes, uses specified eigen value shift, lumped and consistent mass matrices. Buckling analysis, Jacobi inverse iteration techniques. Steady state harmonic response, mode superposition method, overall structural and damping, linear dynamic analysis, non linear static analysis, non- linear dynamic analysis. Steady state heat transfer analysis problems. Transient heat transfer analysis. Familiarity with element library. Defining Boundary conditions, multipoint constraint familiarity with different types of loads. Solution techniques, direct and iterative solver. Results and analysis. Design optimization.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD**M.Tech I year II Sem. (CAD/CAM)****DESIGN OF HYDRAULICS & PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS****UNIT – I:**

Oil hydraulic systems Hydraulic pumps, types and construction details, sizing and selection.

Direction control valves, flow and pressure control valves.

UNIT – II:

Linear actuators types Piston rod design sizing and selection, Rotary actuators, hydraulic reservoir accumulators.

UNIT – III:

Design of hydraulic circuits, seals and packings, hydraulic servo techniques, cylinders and air motors.

UNIT – IV:

Sequencing and synchronizing circuits, accumulator, low cost automation Hydro circuits, accumulators, Hydro pneumatic circuits principles of pneumatic circuit design.

UNIT – V:

Maintenance and trouble shooting of hydraulic and pneumatic circuits, components, PLC Automation and uses of Microprocessors.

REFERENCES:

- 1 Oil Hydraulic Systems/ S.R. Majumdar/ Tata Mc. Graw Hill.
- 2 Pneumatic systems, principles and maintenance/ S.R. Majumdar/Tata Mc.GrawHill.
- 3 Hydraulic and pneumatics/ Andrew Darr/ Jaico Publishing Hoise.
- 4 Fluid power with applications/ Antony Esponssito/ Prentice Hall.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD**M.Tech I year II Sem. (CAD/CAM)****FLEXIBLE MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS****UNIT- I:**

Introduction to flexible manufacturing systems. Planning and scheduling and control of FMS. Knowledge based scheduling.

UNIT - II:

Hierarchy of computer control. Supervisory computer.

UNIT - III:

Software for simulation and database of FMS. Specification and selection, trends, application of simulation software.

UNIT - IV:

Manufacturing data systems data flow, CAD/CAM considerations. Planning FMS database, just in time characteristics, Pull method, quality small lot sizes, work station loads, close supplier ties, flexible workforce — line flow strategy.

UNIT - V:

Preventive maintenance. Karban system, implementation issues.

REFERENCES:

1. Hand Book of Flexible Manufacturing Systems/ Jha N K/ Academic Press.
2. Production System Beyond Large Scale Production/ Talichi Ohno/ Toyota Productivity Press India Pvt. Ltd.
3. Flexible Manufacturing Systems/ H K Shivanand/New Age International/2006

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech I year II Sem. (CAD/CAM)

COMPUTER AIDED MANUFACTURING

UNIT - I

Compute-Aided Programming: General information, APT programming, Examples Apt programming problems (2D machining only). NC programming on CAD/CAM systems, the design and implementation of post processors. Introduction to CAD/CAM software, Automatic Tool Path generation.

UNIT - II

Tooling for CNC Machines: Interchangeable tooling system, preset and qualified tools, coolant fed tooling system, modular fixturing, quick change tooling system, automatic head changers. DNC Systems and Adaptive Control: Introduction, type of DNC systems, advantages and disadvantages of DNC, adaptive control with optimization, Adaptive control with constraints, Adaptive control of machining processes like turning, grinding.

UNIT - III

Post Processors for CNC: Introduction to Post Processors: The necessity of a Post Processor, the general structure of a Post Processor, the functions of a Post Processor, DAPP — based- Post Processor: Communication channels and major variables in the DAPP — based Post Processor, the creation of a DAPP — Based Post Processor.

UNIT - IV

Micro Controllers: Introduction, Hardware components, I/O pins, ports, external memory: counters, timers and serial data I/O interrupts. Selection of Micro Controllers Embedded Controllers, Applications and Programming of Micro Controllers. Programming Logic Controllers (PLC' s): Introduction, Hardware components of PLC, System, basic structure, principle of operations, Programming mnemonics timers, Internal relays and counters, Applications of PLC's in CNC Machines.

UNIT - V

Computer Aided Process Planning: Hybrid CAAP System, Computer Aided Inspection and quality control, Coordinate Measuring Machine, Limitations of CMM, Computer Aided Testing, Optical Inspection Methods, Artificial Intelligence and expert system: Artificial Neural Networks, Artificial Intelligence in CAD, Experts systems and its structures.

REFERENCES:

1. Computer Control of Manufacturing Systems / Yoram Koren / Mc Graw Hill. 1983.
2. Computer Aided Design Manufacturing – K. Lalit Narayan, K. Mallikarjuna Rao and M.M.M. Sarcar, PHI, 2008.
3. CAD/CAM Principles and Applications, P.N.Rao, TMH.
4. CAD / CAM Theory and Practice, / Ibrahim Zeid, TMH.
5. CAD / CAM / CIM, Radhakrishnan and Subramanian, New Age.
6. Principles of Computer Aided Design and Manufacturing, Farid Amirouche, Pearson.
7. Computer Numerical Control Concepts and programming, Warren S Seames, Thomson/2008.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech I year II Sem. (CAD/CAM)

INDUSTRIAL ROBOTICS

UNIT - I

Introduction: Automation and Robotics, Robot anatomy, robot configuration, motions joint notation work volume, robot drive system, control system and dynamic performance, precision of movement.

Control System and Components: basic concept and medias controllers control system analysis, robot activation and feedback components. Positions sensors, velocity sensors, actuators sensors, power transmission system.

UNIT - II

Motion Analysis and Control: Manipulator kinematics, position representation forward transformation, homogeneous transformation, manipulator path control, robot dynamics, configuration of robot controller.

UNIT - III

End Effectors: Grippers-types, operation, mechanism, force analysis, tools as end effectors consideration in gripper selection and design. **SENSORS:** Desirable features, tactile, proximity and range sensors, uses sensors in robotics.

Machine Vision: Functions, Sensing and Digitizing-imaging, Devices, Lighting techniques, Analog to digital single conversion, image storage, Image processing and Analysis-image data reduction, Segmentation feature extraction. Object recognition, training the vision system, Robotics application.

UNIT - IV

Robot Programming: Lead through programming, Robot programming as a path in space, Motion interpolation, WAIT, SINONAL AND DELAY commands, Branching capabilities and Limitations.

Robot Languages: Textual robot Languages, Generation, Robot language structures, Elements in function.

UNIT - V

Robot Cell Desgin and Control: Robot cell layouts-Robot centered cell, In-line robot cell, Considerations in work design, Work and control, Inter locks, Error detect ion, Work wheel controller.

Robot Application: Material transfer, Machine loading/unloading. Processing operation, Assembly and Inspection, Feature Application.

REFERENCES:

1. Industrial Robotics / Groover M P /Pearson Edu.
2. Introduction to Robotic Mechanics and Control by JJ Craig, Pearson, 3rd edition.
3. Robotics / Fu K S/ McGraw Hill.
4. Robotic Engineering / Richard D. Klafter, Prentice Hall.
5. Robot Analysis and Intelligence / Asada and Slotine / Wiley Inter-Science.
6. Robot Dynamics & Control – Mark W. Spong and M. Vidyasagar / John Wiley & Sons (ASIA) Pte Ltd.
7. Robotics and Control / Mittal R K & Nagrath I J / TMH.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech I year II Sem. (CAD/CAM)

PRODUCTION AND OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT
ELECTIVE – III

UNIT -I

Operation Management: Definition – Objectives – Types of production systems – historical development of operations management – Current issues in operation management.

Product Design: Requirements of good product design – product development – approaches – concepts in product development – standardization – simplification – Speed to market – Introduction to concurrent engineering.

UNIT- II

Value Engineering – objective – types of values – function & cost – product life cycle- steps in value engineering – methodology in value engineers – FAST Diagram – Matrix Method.

Location – Facility location and layout – Factors considerations in Plant location- Comparative Study of rural and urban sites – Methods of selection plant layout – objective of good layout – Principles – Types of layout – line balancing.

UNIT III

Aggregate Planning : Definition – Different Strategies – Various models of Aggregate Planning – Transportation and graphical models. Advance inventory control systems push systems – Material Requirement – Terminology – types of demands – inputs to MRP- techniques of MRP – Lot sizing methods – benefits and drawbacks of MRP –Manufacturing Resources Planning (MRP –II), Pull systems – Vs Push system – Just in time (JIT) philosophy Kanban System – Calculation of number of Kanbans Requirements for implementation JIT – JIT Production process – benefits of JIT.

UNIT IV

Scheduling: Policies – Types of scheduling – Forward and Backward Scheduling – Gantt Charts – Flow shop Scheduling – n jobs and 2 machines, n jobs and 3 machines – job shop Scheduling – 2 jobs and n machines – Line of Balance.

UNIT V

Project Management: Programming Evaluation Review Techniques (PERT) – three times estimation – critical path – probability of completion of project – critical path method – crashing of simple nature.

REFERENCES:

1. Operations Management by E.S. Buffs.
2. Operations Management Theory and Problems: by Joseph G. Monks.
3. Production Systems Management by James I. Riggs.
4. Production and Operations Management by Chary.
5. Operations Management “ by Chase.
6. Production and Operation Management by Panner Selvam.
7. Production and Operation Analysis by Nahima.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech I year II Sem. (CAD/CAM)

COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS

ELECTIVE – III

UNIT - I

Introduction: Finite difference method, finite volume method, finite element method, governing equations and boundary conditions, Derivation of finite difference equations.

Solution Methods: Solution methods of elliptical equations — finite difference formulations, interactive solution methods, direct method with Gaussian elimination. Parabolic equations-explicit schemes and Von Neumann stability analysis, implicit schemes, alternating direction implicit schemes, approximate factorization, fractional step methods, direct method with tridiagonal matrix algorithm.

UNIT – II

Hyperbolic Equations: explicit schemes and Von Neumann stability analysis, implicit schemes, multi step methods, nonlinear problems, second order one-dimensional wave equations. Burgers equations: Explicit and implicit schemes, Runge-Kutta method.

UNIT - III

Formulations of Incompressible Viscous Flows: Formulations of incompressible viscous flows by finite difference methods, pressure correction methods, vortex methods.

Treatment of Compressible Flows: potential equation, Euler equations, Navier-stokes system of equations, flow field-dependent variation methods, boundary conditions, example problems.

UNIT - IV

Finite Volume Method: Finite volume method via finite difference method, formulations for two and three-dimensional problems.

UNIT - V

Standard Variational Methods: Linear fluid flow problems, steady state problems, Transient problems.

REFERENCES:

1. Computational fluid dynamics/ T. J.C'hung/ Cambridge University press,2002.
2. Text book of fluid dynamics/ Frank Choriton/ CBS Publishers & distributors, 1985.
3. Numerical heat transfer and fluid flow / Suhas V. Patankar/ Hema shava Publishers corporation & Mc Graw Hill.
4. Computational Fluid Flow and Heat Transfer/ Muralidaran/ Narosa Publications.
5. Computational Fluid Dynamics: Basics with applications/John D. Anderson/ Mc Graw Hill.
6. Fundamentals of Computational Fluid Dynamics/Tapan K. Sengupta / Universities Press.
7. Introduction to Theoretical and Computational Fluid Dynamics/C. Pozrikidis /Oxford University Press/ 2nd Edition.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech I year II Sem. (CAD/CAM)

AUTOMATION IN MANUFACTURING

ELECTIVE-III

UNIT – I

Over View of Manufacturing and Automation : Production systems, Automation in production systems, Automation principles and strategies, Manufacturing operations, production facilities. Basic elements of an automated system, levels of automation; Hardware components for automation and process control, programmable logic controllers and personal computers.

UNIT – II:

Material Handling and Identification Technologies: Material handling, equipment, Analysis. Storage systems, performance and location strategies, Automated storage systems, AS/RS, types. Automatic identification methods, Barcode technology, RFID.

UNIT – III:

Manufacturing Systems and Automated Production Lines: Manufacturing systems: components of a manufacturing system, Single station manufacturing cells; Manual Assembly lines, line balancing Algorithms, Mixed model Assembly lines, Alternative Assembly systems. Automated production lines, Applications, Analysis of transfer lines.

UNIT – IV:

Automated Assembly Systems: Fundamentals, Analysis of Assembly systems. Cellular manufacturing, part families, cooling, production flow analysis. Group Technology and flexible Manufacturing systems, Quantitative Analysis.

UNIT – V:

Quality Control and Support Systems: Quality in Design and manufacturing, inspection principles and strategies, Automated inspection, contact Vs non contact, CMM. Manufacturing support systems. Quality function deployment, computer aided process planning, concurrent engineering, shop floor control, just in time and lean production.

REFERENCES:

1. Automation, production systems and computer integrated manufacturing/ Mikell.P Groover/PHI/3rd edition/2012.
2. Automation, Production Systems and CIM/ MikeJ P. Grower/PHI.
3. CAD/CAM/CIM/ P. Radha Krishnan & S. Subrahmanyarn and Raju/New Age International Publishers/ 2003.
4. Svstem Approach to Computer Integrated Design and Manufacturing/ Singh/John Wiley /96.
5. Computer Aided Manufacturing/Tien-Chien Chang, Richard A. Wysk and Hsu-Pin Wang/ Pearson/ 2009.
6. Manufacturing and Automation Technology / R Thomas Wright and Michael Berkeihiser / Good Heart/Willcox Publishers.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD**M.Tech I year II Sem. (CAD/CAM)****DESIGN OPTIMIZATION****ELECTIVE – IV****UNIT-I:**

General Characteristics of mechanical elements, adequate and optimum design, principles of optimization, formulation of objective function, design constraints, classification of optimization problems. Single and multivariable optimization techniques.

UNIT- II:

Technique of unconstrained minimization. Golden section, Random, Pattern and Gradient search methods, interpolation methods, equality and inequality constraints.

UNIT-III:

Direct methods and indirect methods using penalty function, Lagrange multipliers, Geometric programming, stochastic programming, Genetic algorithms.

UNIT-IV:

Engineering applications, structural-design application axial and transverse loaded members for minimum cost, maximum weight. Design of shafts and torsion members, design optimization of springs.

UNIT-V:

Dynamics applications for two degree freedom system. vibration absorbers. Application in mechanisms.

REFERENCES:

1. Engineering Optimization -Theory and Practice/ Singerusu S. Rao/ New Age.
2. Optimum Design of Mechanical elements/ Johnson Ray C/ Wiley, John & Sons.
3. Genetic Algorithms in search, Optimization and Machine/ Goldberg D. E. Addison/Wesley / NewYork..
4. Optimization for Engineering Design Algorithms and Examples/ Kalyanamoy Deb/Prentice Flail of India.
5. Introduction to Optimum Design/Jasbir S. Arora/ Academic Press/ Everest/ 3rd Edition.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech I year II Sem. (CAD/CAM)

INTELLIGENT MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS

ELECTIVE – IV

UNIT I:

Computer Integrated Manufacturing Systems Structure and functional areas of CIM system - CAD, CAPP, CAM, CAQC, ASRS. Advantages of CIM. Manufacturing Communication Systems - MAP/TOP, OSI Model, Data Redundancy, Top- down and Bottom-up Approach, Volume of Information. Intelligent Manufacturing System Components, System Architecture and Data Flow, System Operation.

UNIT II:

Components of Knowledge Based Systems - Basic Components of Knowledge Based Systems, Knowledge Representation, Comparison of Knowledge Representation Schemes, Interference Engine, Knowledge Acquisition.

UNIT III:

Machine Learning - Concept of Artificial Intelligence, Conceptual Learning, Artificial Neural Networks - Biological Neuron, Artificial Neuron, Types of Neural Networks, Applications in Manufacturing.

UNIT IV:

Automated Process Planning - Variant Approach, Generative Approach, Expert Systems for Process Planning, Feature Recognition, Phases of Process planning. Knowledge Based System for Equipment Selection (KBSES) - Manufacturing system design. Equipment Selection Problem, Modeling the Manufacturing Equipment Selection Problem, Problem Solving approach in KBSES, Structure of the KRSES.

UNIT V:

Group Technology: Models and Algorithms Visual Method, Coding Method, Cluster Analysis Method, Matrix Formation - Similarity Coefficient Method, Sorting-based Algorithms, Bond Energy Algorithm, Cost Based method, Cluster Identification Method, Extended CI Method. Knowledge Based Group Technology - Group Technology in Automated Manufacturing System. Structure of Knowledge based system for group technology (KBSGT) — Data Base, Knowledge Base, Clustering Algorithm.

REFERENCES:

1. Intelligent Manufacturing Systems/ Andrew Kusiak/Prentice Hall.
2. Artificial Neural Networks/ Yagna Narayana/PHI/2006.
3. Automation, Production Systems and CIM / Groover M.P./PHI/2007.
4. Neural networks: A comprehensive foundation/ Simon Hhaykin/ PHI.
5. Artificial neural networks/ B.Vegnanarayana/PHI.
6. Neural networks in Computer intelligence/ Li Min Fu/ TMH/2003.
7. Neural networks/ James A Freeman David M S kapura/ Pearson education/2004.
8. Introduction to Artificial Neural Systems/Jacek M. Zurada/JAICO Publishing House Ed. 2006.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M.Tech I year II Sem. (CAD/CAM)

**COMPUTER AIDED PROCESS PLANNING
ELECTIVE – IV****UNIT-I**

Introduction to CAPP: Information requirement for process planning system, Role of process planning, advantages of conventional process planning over CAPP, Structure of Automated process planning system, feature recognition, methods.

Generative CAPP System: Importance. principle of Generative CAPP system, automation of logical decisions, Knowledge based systems, Inference Engine, implementation, benefits.

UNIT-II

Retrieval CAPP system: Significance, group technology, structure, relative advantages, implementation, and applications.

Selection of Manufacturing Sequence: Significance, alternative-manufacturing processes, reduction of total set-up cost for a particular sequence. quantitative methods for optimal selection, examples.

UNIT-III

Determination of Machining Parameters: reasons for optimal selection of machining parameters, effect of parameters on production rate, cost and surface quality, different approaches, advantages of mathematical approach over conventional approach, solving optimization models of machining processes.

UNIT -IV

Determination of Manufacturing Tolerances: design tolerances, manufacturing tolerances, methods of tolerance allocation, sequential approach, integration of design and manufacturing tolerances, advantages of integrated approach over sequential approach.

UNIT -V

Generation of Tool Path: Simulation of machining processes, NC tool path generation, graphical implementation, determination of optimal index positions for executing fixed sequence, quantitative methods.

Implementation Techniques for CAPP: MIPLAN system, Computer programming languages for CAPP, criteria for selecting a CAPP system and benefits of CAPP. Computer integrated planning systems, and Capacity planning system.

REFERENCES:

1. Automation, Production systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing System/ Mikell P Groover.
2. Computer Design and Manufacturing/Sadhu Singh.
3. Computer Engineering /David Bedworth.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD**M.Tech I year II Sem. (CAD/CAM)****COMPUTER AIDED MACHINING & ROBOTICS LABORATORY**

Features and selection of CNC turning and milling centers. Practice in part programming and operation of CNC turning machines, subroutine techniques and use of cycles. Practice in part programming and operating a machining center, tool Joining and selection of sequences of operations, tool setting on machine, practice in APT based NC programming. Practice in Robot programming and its languages. Robotic simulation using software. Robot path control, preparation of various reports and route sheets, Simulation of manufacturing system using CAM software, controller operating system commands.